

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Original) A limiter circuit formed on a semiconductor integrated circuit substrate, comprising:
 a differential amplification circuit comprising an MIS field-effect transistor in which a projecting portion is formed by a silicon substrate having a first crystal surface as a primary surface and a second crystal surface as a side surface, terminated hydrogen on the silicon surface is removed in plasma atmosphere of an inert gas, then a gate insulating film is formed on at least a part of a top surface and the side surface of the projecting portion at a temperature at or lower than about 550°C in the plasma atmosphere, a gate is formed on the gate insulating film, and a drain and a source are formed on both sides enclosing the gate insulating film of the projecting portion.

2. (Original) The limiter circuit according to claim 1, wherein
 a channel is formed on the first crystal surface of the top surface and the second crystal surface of the side surface of the projecting portion, and a channel width of the MIS field-effect transistor is at least a total of channel widths on the top surface and the side surface.

3. (Currently Amended) The limiter circuit according to claim 1 or 2, wherein
 the projecting portion has the top surface comprising a silicon surface (100), a side surface comprising a silicon surface (110), and the source and drain are formed on the projecting portion enclosing the gate and in left and right areas of the projecting portion of the silicon substrate.

4. (Currently Amended) The limiter circuit according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the limiter circuit comprises a p-channel MIS field-effect transistor and n-channel MIS field-effect transistor, and a gate width of a top surface and a side surface of a projecting portion of the p-channel MIS field-effect transistor is set such that current drive capability of the p-channel MIS field-effect transistor can be substantially equal to current drive capability of the n-channel MIS field-effect transistor.

5. (Currently Amended) The limiter circuit according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the limiter circuit comprises first and second MIS field-effect transistors forming a differential amplification circuit for receiving an FM-modulated signal at a gate, and a third MIS field-effect transistor forming a constant current circuit commonly connected to a source or a drain of the first and second MIS field-effect transistors.

6. (Original) A semiconductor integrated circuit comprising on a same circuit substrate:

a circuit comprising a p-channel MIS field-effect transistor and an n-channel MIS field-effect transistor in which a projecting portion is formed by a silicon substrate having a first crystal surface as a primary surface and a second crystal surface as a side surface, terminated hydrogen on the silicon surface is removed in plasma atmosphere of an inert gas, then a gate insulating film is formed on at least one of the top surface and the side surface of the projecting portion at a temperature at or lower than about 550°C in the plasma atmosphere, a gate is formed on the gate insulating film, and a drain and a source are formed on both sides enclosing the gate insulating film of the projecting portion; and

a limiter circuit comprising a differential amplification circuit having the p-channel MIS field-effect transistor or the n-channel MIS field-effect transistor.

7. (Original) The semiconductor integrated circuit according to claim 6,
wherein

gate widths of the top surface and the side surface of the p-channel MIS field-effect transistor and the n-channel MIS field-effect transistor are set such that the current drive capability of the p-channel MIS field-effect transistor can be substantially equal to current drive capability of the n-channel MIS field-effect transistor.

8. (Currently Amended) The semiconductor integrated circuit according to claim 6 or 7, wherein

the limiter circuit comprises a CMOS circuit having the p-channel MIS field-effect transistor and the n-channel MIS field-effect transistor.